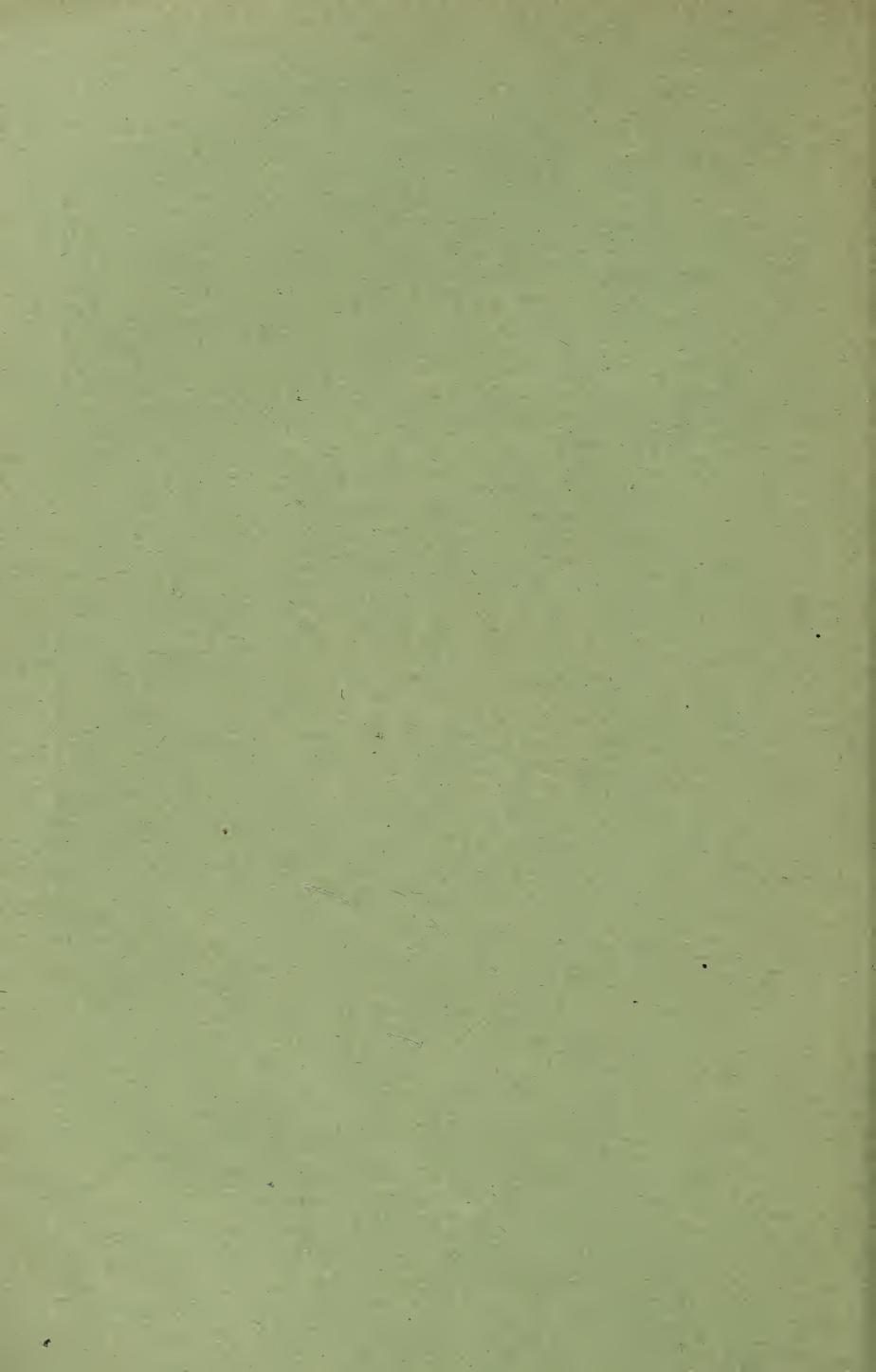


ANNUAL REPORT

For the Year 1947.

SYDNEY HUNT, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.)
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.



Shardlow Rural District Council

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR 1947.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS,

MADAM AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report for the year 1947.

The Birth Rate was 20.3 compared with 19.9 for 1946 and the Death Rate was 9.58 compared with 10.09.

Details of the Council's post-war housing activities are given on page 9. By the end of the year 150 prefabricated bungalows and 135 permanent houses had been completed and work was in progress on a further 309 houses. The demand for houses throughout the District is very great.

The Council's proposals for works of water supply and sewerage under the Rural Water Supplies and Sewerage Act were being considered by the Ministry of Health and work was in progress on two instalments of the schemes relating to water supply.

Refuse Collection by direct labour is now in operation over the whole District. The average cost per house increased by 3/7d., largely due to the purchase of new vehicles, the provision of temporary garages and the acquisition of a site upon which it is proposed to erect a permanent garage and depot, together with a mortuary which will serve the Northern part of the District. Steady action under Sec. 47 of the Public Health Act, 1936 (closet conversions) continued during the year.

I am indebted to my fellow Officers of the Council for their courtesy and assistance during the year.

I am, Madam and Gentlemen, Yours obediently, SYDNEY HUNT.

STATISTICS OF THE AREA.

Area (in acres)-44,204.

Registrar-General's estimate of resident population, 1947—68,950. Estimated population, 31/3/48—70,350.

Number of inhabited houses according to the Rate Books (31/3/48)—20,556.

Rateable Value (31/3/48)—£391,654.

Rateable Value (1/4/48)—£374,681.

Net sum represented by a Penny Rate (31/3/48)—£1,541.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Live Births.

		Total.	M.	F.
Legitimate Illegitimate	•••	1337 62	687 35	650 27
		1399	722	677

Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population: -20.3.

Still Births.

Total.	M.	F.	
			
32	19	13	Legitimate.
1	1		Legitimate. Illegitimate.
-	-		
33	20	13	

Rate per 1,000 (live and still births) 23.0.

Deaths.

Crude Death Rate per 1,000 of the estimated resident population: —9.58.

Death Rate per 1,000 for comparative purposes: —not available.

Deaths from puerperal causes (Headings 29 and 30 of the Registrar General's short List):—

							Deat			er 1,000 z still) F	
				ral Sepa Puerpera					•••	Nil 2.8	
Death	Rate o	of in	fants u	nder on	e yea	r of a	age:-				
	All i	infan	ts per	1,000 li	ve bi	rths			• • •	• • •	36.4
	Legi	itima	te infar	nts per	1,000	legiti	mate	live	e birth	s	34.4
	Illeg	gitim	ate infa	ints per	1,00	0 illeg	gitima	te	live bi	rths	80.6
Deaths	from	Can	icer (all	l ages)		• • •					92
,,	,,	Mea	asles (a	ll ages)		• • •		• •	• • •	• • •	1
,,	,,	Wh	ooping	Cough	(all	ages)		• •	• • •	• • •	2
,,	,,	Dia	rrhoea	(under	two	years	of ag	e)	• • •	• • •	6

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

Particulars are as stated in the 1938 Report.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY.

- S. HUNT, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), Medical Officer of Health.
- G. L. ROE, M.S.I.A., Senior Sanitary Inspector.
- W. T. POWELL, M.S.I.A., Additional Sanitary Inspector.
- G. ELLIS, M.S.I.A., Additional Sanitary Inspector.
- G. G. POPPLEWELL, M.S.I.A., Additional Sanitary Inspector.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

The incidence of notifiable diseases during 1947 was: -

		Cases Notified.	Removed to Hospital.	Deaths.
Tuberculosis—Pulmonary	• • •	55	17	17
Tuberculosis—Other forms	• • •	14	9	6
Smallpox				
Scarlet Fever		128	58	
Diphtheria		10	10	1
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fe	ver			-
Puerperal Pyrexia		1	1	
Erysipelas		14	2	
Ophthalmia Neonatorum		1	atoria.	*****
Pneumonia	• • •	52		26
Measles		799	1	1
Whooping Cough	• • •	131	1	2
Cerobro Spinal Fever				
Acute Polio-myelitis		5	5	1
Acute Polio-encephalitis		3	3	Guilliphi purity
Dysentery		distance.		gurintavita

These figures are of Civilians only and represent the notifications after correction.

	Total originally notified.	M F	71 59		40	,			27 25	1				7 7			1	
CASES OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES AT VARYING AGES DURING 1947.	DISEASE. AFTER CORRECTION. AGE GROUPS. not	0— 1— 3— 5— 10—15—25 & over Not MF MF MF MF MF MF MP MF MP MF MP MF MF MF MF MF MP MF MP MF MP MF	Scarlet Fever —————————————————————————————————	is 1 1 2 1	Sella) 15 8 72 77 111 128 183 171 9 10 $\frac{2}{2}$ 6 1 $\frac{4}{2}$ 2 —39	Dipliciteria	0 — 5 — 15 — 45 — 65 & over Not	M F M F M F M F M F	Acute Pneumonia 7 4 3 6 7 10 8 — 2 4 — 1 27	Dysentery	Acute Encephalitis—lethargica	Enteric Fever	Para-typhoid Fevers		Cerebro-spinal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Ophthalmia-neonatorum 1 — — — — — — — — — 1	Walarial—Contracted in England and Wales — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —

DIPHTHERIA.

11 cases were notified of which 1 was not confirmed.

There was one death of a girl age 9 who had not been immunised. Of the 10 positive cases, 9 were children under 15 years of age, of whom 5 had a full course of immunisation.

DIPHTHERIA—IMMUNISATION.

The following return has been made to the Ministry of Health:-

DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION ANNUAL RETURN FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMER, 1947.

6

RURAL DISTRICT OF SHARDLOW.
WELFARE AUTHORITY—
DERBYSHIRE COUNTY COUNCIL.

I-IMMUNISATION IN RELATION TO CHILD POPULATION.

Number of Children who had completed a full course of Immunisation at any time up to 31st December, 1947.

Estimated Mid-Year. Population 1947.	Number Immunised	Age at 31/12/47 i.e. Born in Year.
	3	Under 1 1947
	525	1 1946
6320	695	2 1945
	851	3 1944
	828	4 1943
9710	4183	5 to 9 1938-42
10	4040	10 to 14 1933-37
	11,125	Total Under 15

2-DIPHTHERIA NOTIFICATIONS AND DEATHS IN RELATION TO IMMUNISATION.

1 ,		/							
DEATHS.	Number of cases included in preceding column in which the child had completed a full course of immunisation.						1		
DEA	Number of deaths.	l	1				_		•
	Age at date of death.	Under 1	,	2	m .	4	5 to 9	10 to 14	Totals
ONS.	Number of cases included in preceding column in which the child had completed a full course of immunisation.	1				1	2	2	2
NOTIFICATIONS.	Number of cases notified.	l	1				4	8	6
	Age at date of notification.	Under 1	-	2	8	4	5 to 9	10 to 14	Totals

Tuberculosis.

Table showing age periods of deaths and new cases.

New Cases.

Deaths.

Age	Respi	ratory	Non-Re	spiratory	7	Resp	iratory	Non-Re	spirato ry
Periods.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.
0	<u> </u>		1	1			1		<u> </u>
1			1	1				1	1
5	1		4	1					1
10	1	2		1			2		—
15	2	5	2	1			_	1	1
20	5	7	-	***************************************		1	1		
25	7	4	1			3			
35	5	4	-			3	1		
45	6	3	—			2	—	1	
55	2		***************************************	-		1	•		*************
65 and Upwards.				—		2		_	
-	30	25	9	5	,	12	5	3	3

Including 5 un-notified deaths all

Non-Respiratory-2 males, , ages 15 years and 51 years.

3 females, ages 4 months, 1 year, and 19 years.

Of these five deaths, 3 were inward transfers, all non-respiratory.

2 males, ages 15 years and 51 years.

1 female, age 19 years.

Post-War Housing.

The Council's programme for the first two post-war years provides for 1193 permanent houses to be erected as detailed below.

Paris	sh		No. of	Parish	L		o. of
			houses.	T 1 1		ho	uses.
Alvaston and	Boulton		30	Littleover	• • •		124
Aston		• • •	12	Melbourne	• • •	• • •	46
Breadsall	• • •		8	Ockbrook &	Borrowash		174
Breaston	• • •		100	Sandiacre	• • •	• • •	146
Chaddesden	• • •		50	Shardlow	• • •	• • •	6
Chellaston	• • •		160	Spondon	• • •	• • •	256
Draycott			17	Stanley	• • •		18
Little Eaton	• • •		22	West Hallam		• • •	24

At 31st December, 1947, 135 permanent houses and 150 pre-fabricated bungalows had been completed as follows:—

Perman	ENT H	OUSES-					
Alvaston			22	Draycott			7
Aston-on-Tren	t	• • •	12	Melbourne		• • •	20
Breaston		• • •	26	Spondon	• • •	• • •	24
Chaddesden		• • •	24				
Prefabi	RICATE	D BUNG	GALOWS				
Chellaston	• • •		50	Spondon		• • •	50
Sandiacre	• • • •	• • •	50				
The fol	lowing	309 h	ouses w	vere in course of	ferection	n—	
Alvaston	• • •	• • •	6	Melbourne			26
Breaston		• • •	39	Sandiacre		• • •	36
Chaddesden			26	Shardlow		* * *	16
Draycott	• • •	• • •	10	Spondon			100
Little Eaton			12	Stanley Villa	ge	• • •	2
Littleover	•••	•••	20	Stanley Communent (permanent bung		 ricated	16

Site preparation was in progress at Breadsall, Chellaston, Ockbrook and West Hallam.

Water Supplies.

80 new services were connected to the Council's mains during the year as follows: —

No. of

Premises served.

Connections.

- 48 70 houses.
- Farms, cattle supplies and other agricultural and horticultural purposes.
 - 5 Factories.
 - 1 Building operations.
 - 2 Churches.
 - 1 Garage.
 - 2 Schools.
 - 1 Club and Recreation Ground.
 - 3 Housing sites serving 116 houses.

The Council's proposals for works of water supply under the Rural Water Supplies and Sewerage Act, 1944, were under the consideration of the Ministry of Health. Authority to proceed with those parts of the proposals providing for additional mains between Borrowash and Elvaston and between Dale Abbey and Sandiacre had been obtained in 1946 and a tender amounting to £22,790/0/0d. was accepted. Work was in progress during 1947.

Five mains extensions were carried out in connection with new housing sites. 350 yards of 4in. diameter main were laid at West Hallam to provide a secondary circulation in a part of the district subject to colliery subsidence.

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31st, 1948.

Consumption for domestic purposes 243,424,310 gallons. Consumption by metered supplies ... 53,506,000 gallons.

Average daily consumption per head 20.8 gallons.

The following statement, which relates only to the Council's water area has been prepared in a form required by the Ministry of Health:—

- 1—Whether the water supply of the area has been satisfactory.
- (a) in quality.
- (a) Satisfactory.
- (b) in quantity.
- (b) Satisfactory.

- 2—Where there is a piped water supply, whether bacterial-ogical examinations were made of the raw water, and, where treatment is installed, of water going into supply, and results obtained.
- 3—Where waters are liable to have plumbo-solvent action, the facts as to contamination by lead, including precautions taken and number and result of analyses.
- 4—Action in respect of any form of contamination.

- 5—Particulars of numbers of dwelling-houses and population served from water mains.
- (a) direct to houses.
- (b) by means of stand-pipes.

Samples taken for bacteriological examination and chemical analysis.

Chlorinating plants are installed at the Little Eaton and Melbourne pumping stations. Usual dosage is 3 lbs. liquid chlorine per million gallons.

50 samples, all after treatment, were taken for Bacteriological Examination, and all were found satisfactory.

Water supplied is a mixture of Derwent Valley and borehole water, the latter from boreholes at Little Eaton and Melbourne. The former is likely to have plumbo-solvent action and the use of copper or tin-lined lead pipes is required.

1 sample was taken for Chemical Analysis and was found satisfactory. No lead was revealed.

Further sampling in contaminated area, extra chlorination of supply; instructions to householders to boil water pending tracing and elimination of contamination. No contamination during the year.

One sample (not included under 2) was found to be unsatisfactory on bacteriological examination. This was traced to a defective fitting on the consumer's premises and a repeat sample proved satisfactory.

Number of houses served, 8,472 equivalent population 32,221.

Only a very few houses are served by stand pipes and action is being taken to secure their elimination.

SCAVENGING.

Detail costs for the various groups are as follows .--

Group Parishes No. included in Group.	Total gr	оир	cost	No. of houses	Average cost per house.
Collection.	£	s.	d.		£ s. d.
1. Aston, Chellaston, Elvaston, Shardlow, Weston.	1,610	9	9	1,324	1 4 4
 Breaston, Draycott, Hopwell, Ockbrook and Borrowash. 	1,821	16	6	2,650	14 2
3. Breadsall, Little Eaton, Morley, Stanley, West Hallam.	2,370	1	8	2,021	1 3 5
4. Chaddesden,Spondon.Dale Abbey.	3,574	10	11	4,821	14 10
5. Risley, Sandiacre, Stanton-by-Dale.	1,789	18	7	2,115	16 11
6. Alvaston and Boulton, Littleover.	5,559	19	6	6,121	18 2
7. Arleston & Sinfin, Barrow, Derby Hills, Melbourne, Sinfin Moor, Stanton-by-Bridge, Swarkestone.	2,030	1	1	1,504	1 7 0
General Account	2,106	6	4		
Disposal. Whole District	3,944	7	1		3 10
	£24,807	11	5	20,556	
Sundry income	22	7	10		
Net cost	£24,785	3	7		

The cost of Refuse Collection for the whole District for the year ended March 31st, 1948 was £20,840/16/6d., average £1/0/3d. per house, and the cost of Refuse Disposal was £3,944/7/1d., an average of 3/10d. per house.

The combined figures for collection and disposal were £24,785/3/7d., average cost per house £1/4/1d., compared with a total cost of £20,631/0/9d., average £1/0/6d. per house for 1946-7.

On April 1st, 1947, direct labour refuse collection was put into operation at Littleover and Alvaston and this step completed direct labour collection over the whole district. The change over from collection by Contract, was carried out by instalments spread over $5\frac{1}{2}$ years.

During the year two new Austin vehicles were obtained and put into service at Littleover. The five Albion lorries were all thoroughly overhauled.

A site was purchased at Spondon upon which it is proposed to erect a garage for the whole fleet of vehicles, together with stores, repair and maintenance departments. Ministry consent to the provision of these premises has not yet been forthcoming and as a temporary expedient further garage accommodation was rented at Spondon and some temporary buildings also erected on the newly acquired site.

The Council were granted the free use of a site at West Hallam extending over 3 acres for use as a controlled tip. Surface soil was stripped by mechanised methods and controlled tipping commenced.

Considerable difficulty in collection and disposal was encountered during the prolonged snow and frost in the early part of the year. In addition to obvious troubles in the built-up areas the approach roads to the tips had to be repeatedly cleared of snow. Extensive use was made of temporarily unemployed building workers.

General Purpose Lorries.

The cost of the two lorries (one Ford, one Austin) was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
Licenses	57	10	0
Insurances	13	15	10
Garage	29	5	0
Petrol	174	18	3
Oil and Tools	8	10	7
Repairs and Tyres	171	1	1
Wages	1,082	14	11
Miscellaneous	3	2	10
	1,540	18	6
Sundry income	16		0
Net cost	£1,524	18	6

The vehicles were used for the following services: -

p	£	s.	d.
Sewage Disposal	419	16	0
Refuse Collection	644	10	1
Refuse Disposal	177	10	11
Salvage	39	7	3
General Expenses	51	5	11
Office Expenses	7	2	5
Scavenging General			
Account	185	5	11
£1	,524	18	6

The cost per hour of one lorry and two men (including driver) was $8/4\frac{1}{2}d$.

Salvage.

The Income and Expenditure for each year of salvage is as follows:—

	Income.	Expenditure
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
1939-40	16 18 10	
1940-41	1,003 16 5	1,234 10 2
1941-42	1,055 9 11	1,270 13 7
1942-43	2,288 6 10	1,771 14 3
1943-44	1,893 19 0	925 11 0
1944-45	1,757 0 3	891 17 7
1945-46	935 18 3	482 4 7
1946-47	870 5 3	461 18 1
1947-48	1,434 3 2	612 19 11

During the year ended March 31st, 1948, 207 tons 9 cwts. 2 qrs. of various materials, valued at £1,310/7/0d. were disposed of.

Details of these amounts are as follows: -

Betains of these announce	are as rolle	/ 11 O ·	
	T. C. C	\mathfrak{L} s. \mathfrak{c}	1.
Paper	154 18	2 986 19	7
Non-ferrous metals	4	0 4 10	7
Textiles	5 11	3 56 9	6
Bottles, jars and cullet	19 13	1 221 15	1
Kitchen waste	27 0	2 40 10	9
Rubber	1	2 1	6
	207 9 2	£1,310 7	0

General Purpose Vans.

The Austin van was used throughout the year by the Sewage Works Foreman and the Ford van by the Rodent Operator. The cost of both vehicles during the year was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
Licenses	22	10	0
Insurances	14	19	4
Petrol	71	8	6
Repairs and Tyres	112	3	11
	£221	11	9

The vehicles covered a total of 20,660 miles at a cost of 2.43d. per mile.

Mortuary.

The maintenance cost for the year ended March 31st, 1948, was £10 14s. 1d. The mortuary has been used as follows:—

1940 — 4 cases. 1941 — 6 cases. 1942 — 1 case. 1943 — 3 cases. 1944 — 6 cases. 1945 — 1 case. 1946 — 4 cases. 1947 — 3 cases.

Supply of Dustbins, etc.

During the year ending 31st March, 1948, 474 dustbins and 12 closet pails were supplied by the Council.

Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

73 samples of milk were taken for bacteriological examination. The following foodstuffs were condemned during the year.

						Lbs.
1	tin bacon				• • •	1
59			• • •			34
15			• • •			5
45						101
9	tins jam	• • •				13
53	*					55
89		• • •	• • •	• • •		83
3	tins potatoes			• • •	• • •	6
2	tins sausages		• • •		• • •	2
2	tins soup	• • •	- • • •	• • •	• • •	2
6	tins tomatoes					10
127	O	es	• • •			164
	Beef		• • •			4834
	Bacon	• • •	• • •			1
	Ham Mutton	• • •	• • •		• • •	32 109
	Butter .	• • •		• • •		119
	Cheese	* * * .	* * *	• • •		20
72	Eggs	* * *	• • •	• • •	• • •	9
14	Fish	• • •				356
105	Peaches .	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	50
175	Cereals		* * *			1
	Cercais		• • •	• • •	* * *	1
						5,899
						2,077

Emergency Petrol Supplies.

15,100 gallons of motor fuel were purchased during the year ended 31st March, 1948.

Closet Conversion Scheme.

During the year 62 pail closets and 6 privies were converted to water closets.

The Council's scheme for voluntary closet conversions was discontinued and replaced by statutory action under Sec. 47 Public Health Act, 1936.

Statutory Notices are being served in respect of all the remaining pail closets and privies at premises situated in areas having water supply and sewerage facilities.

Closet accommodation in the district is now estimated to be : —

Water closets		 21,366
Pail closets	• • •	 870
Privies		 271

Sewage Disposal.

The Council's proposals for new schemes of sewerage and new sewers prepared as a result of the Rural Water Supplies and Sewerage Act, 1944 were under the consideration of the Ministry of Health.

CHADDESDEN.

The additional sludge elevator had not been delivered at the end of the year.

450 yards of 9in. dia. sewer were laid at Wood Road. An additional sewer was laid at Chaddesden Park to serve a new housing estate.

At the end of the year a scheme had been prepared for a short length of sewer off Meadow Lane to serve houses situated in Walton Road.

LITTLEOVER.

The stormwater overflow off Normanton Lane was completed in the early part of the year.

The Council submitted a scheme for the enlargement of the Disposal Works to the Ministry of Health and a visit was made by one of the Ministry's Inspectors. The proposals include additional settlement and humus tanks, enlarged sludge drying beds and the installation of a pumping station to deal with sludge drainings and humus sludge.

MELBOURNE.

74 yards of 9in. diameter sewer were laid and one additional manhole provided at Station Road, King's Newton.

SANDIACRE.

Joint efforts were made by the Council and the Beeston and Stapleford U.D.C. to secure the "maining" of part of the River Erewash at Sandiacre. The River Trent Catchment Board had not agreed to the proposal by the end of the year.

Control of Civil Building.

The issue of Building Licenses for housing work and for certain work to other types of building was undertaken on behalf of the Ministry of Works in August 1945.

Applications for Building Licences in respect of repair and maintenance works are dealt with by the Public Health Department. During the year 1831 Licences were issued in respect of work estimated to cost £74,362/0/0d.

Legal Proceedings.

The Owners of a house at Chaddesden appealed against the requirements of Statutory Notices under the Public Health Act, 1936, and the Water Act, 1945. The work required included the provision of a water supply, installation of drainage facilities, repairs to sink waste pipe and house spouting. The Magistrates allowed the Owners' appeals on the ground that the premises were in such a condition as to be incapable of being rendered fit for habitation at reasonable cost.

Six charges were brought against a firm of Builders in respect of repair work carried out at 6 houses at Chaddesden contrary to the provisions of the Defence (General) Regulations, 1939 as to building licensing. The firm was fined £50/0/0d. on each of two charges and £5/0/0d. on each of the remaining four charges, making a total of £120/0/0d., and ordered to pay an Advocates' Fee of £3/3/0d.

Three boys were prosecuted for trespassing and causing damage at the Refuse Tip, Melbourne. Small fines were inflicted together with costs.

Destruction of Rats and Mice.

During the year the Rodent Operator dealt with 146 infestations in the District. The estimated kill was 1,564 rats and 323 mice. The infestations concerned the following premises:—

119 houses.

18 sewage works and refuse tips.

1 school.

1 factory.

1 bakehouse.

1 slaughterhouse.

1 farm.

4 business premises.

			Est'd.	31/3/48.	10,893	621	938	341	1,416	3,232	8,822	2,337	380	99	2,579	578	92	1,816	7,550	4,276	377	3,773	609	6,032	1,144	65	7,092	1,900	156	643	147	2,010	465	70,350	
ICT.	POPULATION.		Census	1931	3,280	45	648	. 248	1,441	2,024	1,995	1,292	391	52	2,339	469	85	1,261	3,387	3,714	309	2,971	369	4,513	1,012	61	4,881	1,352	140	909	138	1,172	387	40,582	
RURAL DISTRICT.			Census	1921	1,575	45	493	240	520	1,356	260	820	395	42	2,454	469	77	1,179	1,624	3,467	322	2,969	281	3,744	994	59	3,132	1,401	116	672	155	086	394	30,535	
SHARDLOW	4	Value	1/4/48.	प्तर	57,056	3,397	3,879	1,026	8,916	16,840	42,236	11,651	971	255	11,436	1,369	7111	11,898	62,220	15,878	3,030	18,016	4,122	26,419	4,186	999	35,136	5,371	365	7,125	587	17,328	2,592	374,681	
TO THE SP	Rateable	Value	31/3/48.	ૠ	58,582	3,632	4,231	1,152	9,605	17,586	43,913	12,010	1,048	255	12,219	2,106	724	12,765	63,735	16,340	3,886	18,733	4,207	27,608	4,409	779	37,120	5,526	365 °	2,668	793	17,645	3,012	391,654	
RELATING	No. of	houses in	Parish	31/3/48	3,401	192	248	98	385	954	2,602	641	06	12	999	97	8	494	2,720	1,119	108	1,023	180	1,769	219	24	2,129	486	32	166	39	548	119	20,556	
STATISTICS		Area	in	Acres.	1,321	810	1,898	1,204	1,917	1,990	1,688	851	1,945	323	1,452	2,654	617	1,098	1,559	3,506	1,853	1,854	1,152	1,125	1,204	1,063	2,693	1,206	1,433	1,462	966	1,360	1,970	44,204	
			Parish		Alvaston & Boulton	Arleston & Sinfin	-T.	Barrow-on-Trent	Breadsall	Breaston	Chaddesden	Chellaston	Dale Abbey	Derby Hills	Draycott	Elvaston		aton		Melbourne		ok		cre		oor			Stanton-by-Bridge	Stanton-by-Dale	Swarkestone	West Hallam	Weston-on-Trent	Whole District	

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

Annual Report of Medical Officer of Health in respect of the year, 1947.

PART 1 OF THE ACT.

1.—INSPECTIONS.

Premises	Number on Register	Number of Inspections	Number of Written notices	Number of Occupiers prosecuted
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 & 6 are to be enforce by Local Authorities.	d	5		
(ii) Factories not included ed in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	у	11	7	
(iii) Other Premises i which Section 7 is en forced by the Loca Authority (excluding	al			
out-workers' premises TOTAL	160	16	7	

2.—CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

	Nı	umber of cas	ses in which	defects	Number of
		were :	-	cases in	
			Refe	erred	which
Particulars.	Found	Remedied	To H.M.	By H.M.	prosecutions
			Inspector	Inspector	were
					instituted
Want of cleanliness (S.1) 1	1			
Sanitary					
Conveniences (S.7)					
(a) insufficient	. 3	3			
(b) Unsuitable or defect.	4	3	facet	2	
(c) Not separate for sexe	s		_	-	_
Other offences against th	e				
Act (not including					
offences relating to Out	- 2	2			Management .
work).					
TOTAL	. 10	, 9		2	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT.

OUTWORK.

Wearing Apparel, Making, etc., 24 outworkers. Lace, Lace Curtains and Nets, 38 outworkers.

